

1. Problem 30-24. (+6 pts)

- I. +2 pts - correct expression for the potential difference between the rim and the center of the disc.

$$\Delta V = - \int \vec{\mathbf{E}} \cdot d\vec{\mathbf{l}}$$

- II. +3 pts - correct electric field

- i. +2 pts - for forces acting on charges (Students must include the centripetal acceleration. If they omit the resultant force then they receive 0/3 pts for this section.)

$$q \vec{\mathbf{E}} + q \vec{\mathbf{v}} \times \vec{\mathbf{B}} = - \frac{m_q v^2 \hat{r}}{r}$$

- ii. +1 pts - correct expression for the magnitude of the electric field.

$$E = q v B + \frac{m_q v^2}{r} \quad (\text{with } v = \omega r)$$

- III. +1 pt - correct answer for $|\Delta V|$ ($|\Delta V| = 9.2 \times 10^{-3} V$).

2. Problem 32-7. (+4 pts)

- (a) +2 pts

- i. +1 pt for finding the contribution of flux due to the 2A circuit ($\Phi_{1,2}$ - in my notation.)
 ii. +1 pt for calculating the mutual inductance correctly

$$\Phi_{1,2} = M_{2,1} I_{2A} \rightarrow M_{2,1} = 1 \times 10^{-3} H$$

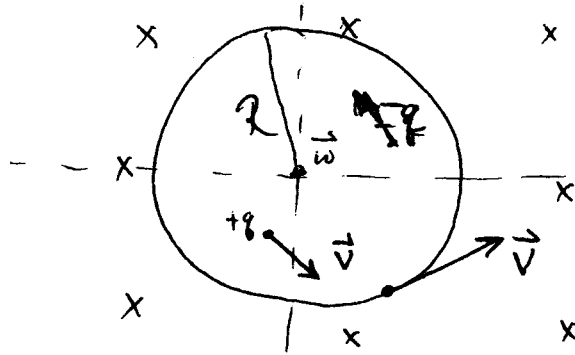
- (b) +2 pts

- i. +1 pt for summing the total flux contributions (self + mutual inductance)

$$\Phi_2 = M_{2,1} I_1 + L I_2$$

- ii. +1 pt for correct flux through 2A circuit ($\Phi_2 = 3 \times 10^{-3} T m^2$)

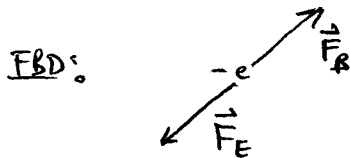
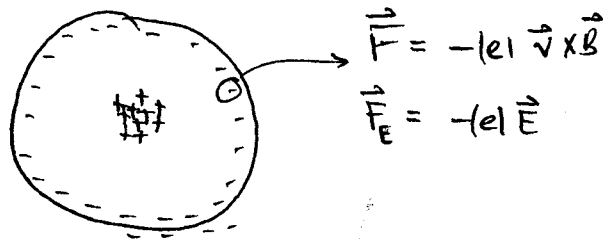
30-24



Neutral disc ($n_+q = n_-q$)

$+q$ will feel a Magnetic force: $\vec{F} = q\vec{v} \times \vec{B} \rightarrow$ towards center of disc.
 $-q$ feel a Mag. force \rightarrow away from center of disc.

disc



$$\Rightarrow \sum F_r = |e|vB - |e|E = -m_e \frac{v^2}{R}$$

electrons are accelerating!!

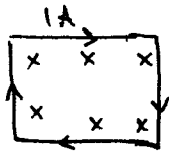
$$\Rightarrow E = \frac{evB}{e} + \frac{m_e v^2}{eR} = \frac{e\omega R B}{e} + \frac{m_e \omega^2 R}{e} \quad \text{@ the edge!}$$

$$E(r) = \omega r B + \frac{m_e \omega^2 r}{|e|} = r \left(\omega B + \frac{m_e \omega^2}{|e|} \right)$$

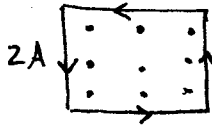
$$\Rightarrow \Delta V(r) = - \int \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{l} = - \int_0^r r \left(\omega B + \frac{m_e \omega^2}{|e|} \right) dr = \frac{1}{2} \omega B R^2 + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_e \omega^2 R^2}{|e|}$$

$$\Delta V(r) = 9.2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ V} + 7.85 \times 10^{-11} \text{ V} \approx 9.2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ V}$$

32-7



$$\Phi_{B_0} = 0.010 \text{ T}\cdot\text{m}^2 \quad \text{"isolation"}$$



$$\Phi_{B_1} = \Phi_{B_0} + \Phi_{2,1} = 0.012 \text{ T}\cdot\text{m}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\Phi_{2,1} = 0.002 \text{ T}\cdot\text{m}^2}$$

$$(a) \quad \overset{\text{from 1}}{\Phi_{2,1}} = M_{2,1} \overset{\text{from 2A}}{I_{2A}} \Rightarrow M_{2,1} = M_{1,2} = \frac{\Phi_{2,1}}{2A_{\text{loop}}} = \frac{2 \times 10^{-3}}{2} \text{ H} = 1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ H} \quad \#$$

$$(b) \quad \Phi_2 = M_{2,1} I_1 + L I_2 = (1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ H})(1 \text{ A}) + (1 \times 10^{-3}) 2 \text{ A} = 3 \times 10^{-3} \text{ T}\cdot\text{m}^2$$

$$\boxed{\Phi_2 = 3 \times 10^{-3} \text{ T}\cdot\text{m}^2} \quad \text{with } \underline{L = 1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ H}}$$