Maxwell's Equations

Mawell's Equations

- Maxwell's Equations
- Displacement Current
- Example -

Displacement Current

- Implications of Maxwell's Equations
- Changed Perceptions
- Thank You.

$$\begin{split} \oint_{S} \vec{\mathbf{E}} \cdot d\vec{\mathbf{A}} &= \frac{Q_{\text{enclosed}}}{\varepsilon_{0}} \\ \oint_{C} \vec{\mathbf{E}} \cdot d\vec{\mathbf{l}} &= -\frac{d}{dt} \int \vec{\mathbf{B}} \cdot d\vec{\mathbf{A}}. \quad \text{(Changing B-flux creates E-field.)} \\ \oint_{C} \vec{\mathbf{B}} \cdot d\vec{\mathbf{A}} &= 0. \\ \oint_{S} \vec{\mathbf{B}} \cdot d\vec{\mathbf{l}} &= \mu_{0} I_{\text{enclosed}} + \mu_{0} \varepsilon_{0} \frac{d}{dt} \int \vec{\mathbf{E}} \cdot d\vec{\mathbf{A}}. \end{split}$$

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 $I_d = \varepsilon_0 \, \frac{d}{dt} \, \int \vec{\mathbf{E}} \, \cdot \, d\vec{\mathbf{A}}.$

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- Let's work out an example.

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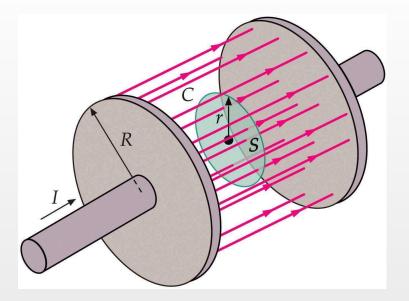
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• A parallel-plate capacitor has closely spaced circular plates of radius R. Current I is flowing onto the positive plate. Note: The surface S is defined by a circle (radius r < R) centered along the axis of the plates. Find

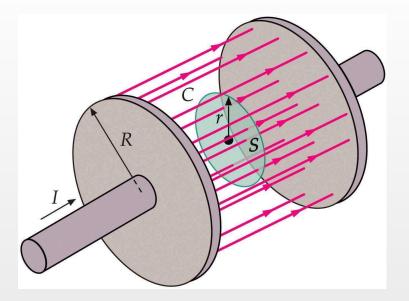
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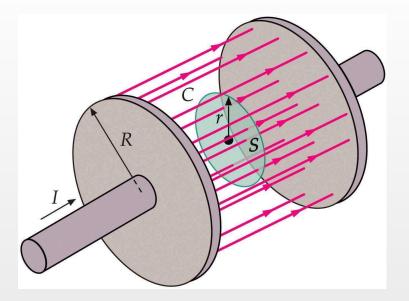
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 - (a) the displacement current through the surface S passing between the plates by directly computing $\frac{d\Phi_E}{dt}$ through S.

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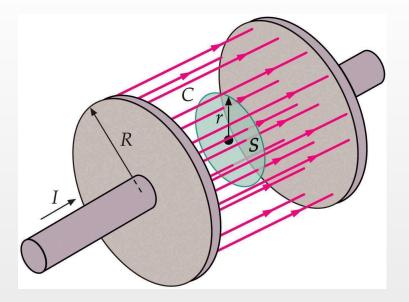


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(a) Calculate Φ_E .

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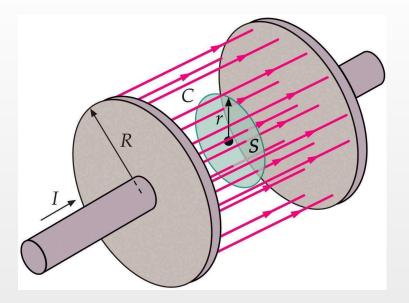
(a)

$$\Phi_E = \int_{\alpha} \vec{\mathbf{E}} \cdot d\vec{\mathbf{A}} = E \,\pi \, r^2.$$

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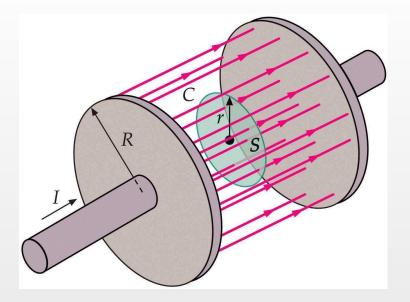


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$$\Phi_E = E \pi r^2. = \frac{q}{\pi R^2 \varepsilon_0} \pi r^2$$

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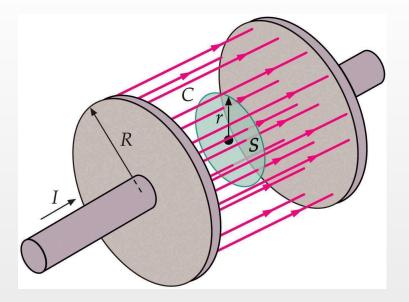


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$$\Phi_E = \frac{q r^2}{R^2 \varepsilon_0}$$

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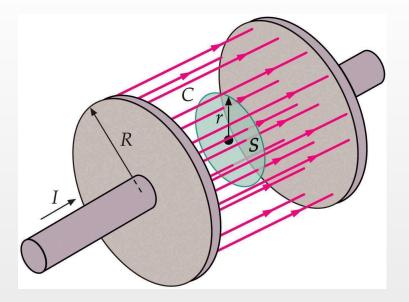
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$$I_d = \varepsilon_0 \, \frac{d}{dt} \Phi_E = \frac{r^2}{R^2} \, \frac{dq}{dt}$$

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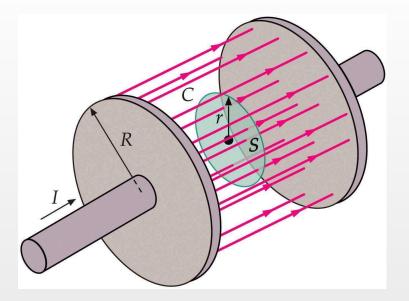
PHYS102



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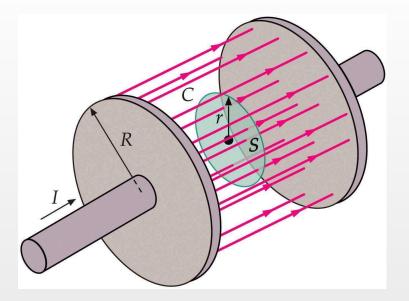
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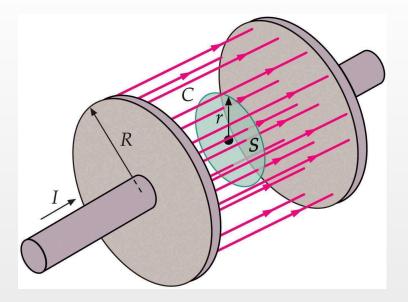
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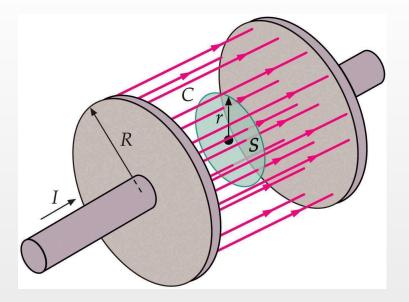
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 - (b) Apply Ampere's Law to surface S.

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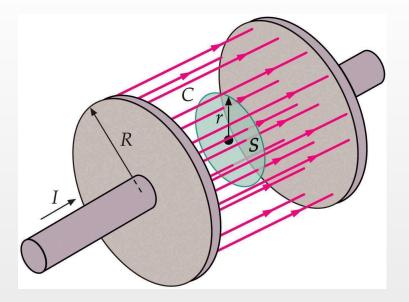
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$$\int \vec{\mathbf{B}} \cdot d\vec{\mathbf{l}} = \mu_0 I_d$$

 ∂S

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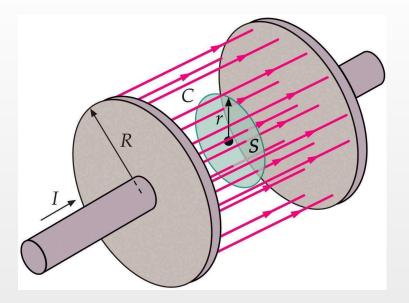
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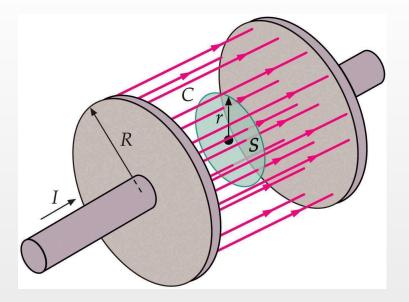
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Implications of Maxwell's Equations

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• Maxwell's equations drastically changed the way people viewed light.

PHYS102

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Thank You.

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