- ii. It checks:  $\bar{R}_{Pt} = 0.0325$ .
- iii. It checks:  $s_{\rm P}^2 = 0.00544$ .

3.12 (a) i. The mean returns for IBM, Xerox, and treasury bills are 
$$\bar{R}_1 =$$
fama.dat 0.0212,  $\bar{R}_2 = 0.0400$ , and  $\bar{R}_3 = 0.0034$ .

- ii. The variances are  $s_1^2 = 0.002246$ ,  $s_2^2 = 0.010621$ ,  $s_3^2 = 0.000000294$ .
- iii. The covariances are  $s_{12} = 0.002612$ ,  $s_{13} = 0.00000271$ ,  $s_{23} = -0.0000105$ .
- iv. The correlation is  $r_{12} = 0.5347$ ,  $r_{13} = 0.1054$ ,  $r_{23} = -0.1882$ .
- (b) i. The returns series is generated as  $R_{Pt} = 0.2R_{1t} + 0.3R_{2t} + 0.5R_{3t}$ . ii. It checks:  $\bar{R}_{Pt} = 0.0179$ .
  - iii. It checks:  $s_{\rm P}^2 = 0.00136$ .
- 3.13 (a) Yes, the below-diagonal entries in the table are all fractional.
  - (b) Yes, the above- and below-diagonal signs match throughout the table.
  - (c) Adding the variances and twice the covariances yields the variance of GNP changes:

sample variance of  $\Delta GNP$ 

= 33.1 + 32.9 + 16.7 + 10.6 + 7.1 $+ 2 \times (-2.4 + 4.4 - 1.9 - 3.4 + 15.9 - 1.5 - 1.7 - 2.2 - 1.9 + 0.3)$  $\approx 111.5.$ 

## **Examination Questions**

- 1. Consider the joint interaction of four random variables, say  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ,  $X_3$ , and  $X_4$ .
  - (a) How many population means  $\mu_j$  are there?
  - (b) How many population variances  $\sigma_i^2$  are there?
  - (c) How many population covariances  $\sigma_{jk}$  are there?
  - (d) How many population correlations  $\rho_{jk}$  are there?
  - (e) How many parameters in total govern a multivariate normal distribution relating the variables?
  - (f) How many parameters govern a regression model relating one of these variables to the other three?