

**Problem 1 (42 points)**

The grammar below is a simplified version of the fourth problem in your first homework. Construct canonical sets, the ACTION and GOTO tables for this grammar.

GOAL           → LIST  
 LIST           → LIST :: ELEM | EMPTYLIST  
 EMPTYLIST   → nil  
 ELEM           → lparen data rparen | lparen rparen

**Problem 2 (30 points)**

Consider the following attribute grammar:

$Num \rightarrow SignList$	$List.pos = 0$ <b>if</b> $Sign.neg$ <b>then</b> $Num.val = -List.val$ <b>else</b> $Num.val = List.val$
$Sign \rightarrow +$	$Sign.neg = false$
$Sign \rightarrow -$	$Sign.neg = true$
$List_0 \rightarrow Tri$	$Tri.pos = List_0.pos$ $List_0.val = Tri.val$
$List_0 \rightarrow List_1 Tri$	$List_1.pos = List_0.pos + 1$ $Tri.pos = List_0.pos$ $List_0.val = List_1.val + Tri.val$
$Tri \rightarrow 0$	$Tri.val = 0$
$Tri \rightarrow 1$	$Tri.val = 1 * 3^{Tri.pos}$
$Tri \rightarrow 2$	$Tri.val = 2 * 3^{Tri.pos}$

- Show the parse tree that would be built for the sentence "-2012"
- Draw the attribute dependence graph for the sentence.
- Identify the synthesized attributes and the inherited attributes. Justify your answer.
- Sketch an evaluation method for the attributes.
- Show the values your method would assign to each attribute, and the order in which they would be assigned.

**Problem 3 (28 points)**

Let language  $\mathcal{L}$  be the language of all the strings that start with the literal **a**, followed by any number (including zero) of alternating **a**'s and **b**'s (**abab...**) and finally followed by an additional instance literal **b**. For instance, **aababb**, **ab**  $\in \mathcal{L}$

- (a) Provide the regular expression describing  $\mathcal{L}$
- (b) Build the NFA for (a) using Thompson's construction
- (c) Build the DFA for (b) using subset construction
- (d) Build the unique minimal DFA for (c) using Hopcroft's algorithm